

OUTGOING TELEGRAM
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

FORM DS 322-0CR3

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CONFIDENTIAL

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IRWIN

EXCISE

EUR/SES:CGSTEFAN/JAN

23252 8/24/72

EUR/SES:CGSTEFAN

EUR/SOV - MR. MATLOCK {SUBS}

USIA/IEE - MR. JENKINS {INFO}

EUR/P - MR. JERABEK {INFO}

DEPARTMENT OF STATE A/CDC/MR

REVIEWED BY *M Dec for MA* DATE *3-12-81*

RDS ☐ or XDS ☐ EXT. DATE

TS AUTH. *Walt* REASON(S)

ENDORSE EXISTING MARKINGS ☐

DECLASSIFIED ☐ RELEASABLE ☐

RELEASE DENIED *in part*

PA or FOI EXEMPTIONS *B1*

INITIALS

PRIORITY

MOSCOW

SUBJECT: EXHIBITS: JDL HARASSMENT OF SOVIET ARTS EXHIBIT

REF: {A} STATE 151143 {B} STATE 152611

1. ACTING SOVIET CULTURAL COUNSELOR *[redacted]* CALLED AT DEPARTMENT AUGUST 24 AND HANDED SES DIRECTOR AIDE-MEMOIRE CALLING DEPARTMENT'S ATTENTION TO THREATS DIRECTED AT MEMBERS SOVIET EXHIBIT STAFF NOW IN BOSTON. AIDE-MEMOIRE REQUESTS DEPARTMENT TO TAKE "ALL NECESSARY MEASURES" TO PROTECT STAFF OF THE SOVIET EXHIBIT.

2. DIRECTOR EXPRESSED OUR REGRETS FOR INCIDENTS INVOLVING SOVIET EXHIBIT STAFF WHICH HAD RECENTLY OCCURRED IN BOSTON {REFTELS}. HE *[redacted]* ADDED THAT WE WOULD DO EVERYTHING THAT WE APPROPRIATELY COULD WITH VIEW TO PROVIDING MAXIMUM SECURITY TO SOVIET EXHIBIT AND EXHIBIT STAFF. IN THIS CONNECTION, HE DESCRIBED STEPS TO THIS END WE HAD ALREADY TAKEN THROUGH OUR LIAISON OFFICERS IN BOSTON.

3. *[redacted]* EXPRESSED APPRECIATION AND CONCLUDED BY NOTING THAT WE WERE APPROACHING A HEAVY CULTURAL SCHEDULE THIS FALL INCLUDING MOVE OF EXHIBIT TO NEW YORK IN EARLY OCTOBER. *44*

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Department of State

EXCISE
TELEGRAM

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UNCLASSIFIED 855

PAGE 01 USUN N 04415 070033Z

63:

ACTION 10-13

INFO: OCT-01 EUR-20 NEA-10 CIAE-00 DODE-00 PM-08 H-02:

INR-09 L-03 NSAE-00 NSC-10 P-03 RSC-01 PRS-01 SS-14

USIA-12 SY-03 USSS-00 FBI-01 CPR-02 M-03 A-01 RSR-0

/118 W

R 062318Z NOV 72
FM USMISSION USUN NEW YORK
TO SECSTATE WASHDC 4616
INFO AMEMBASSY OSCOW
AMEMBASSY TEL AVIV

DEPARTMENT OF STATE A/CDC/MR

REVIEWED BY C. Allen DATE 12/23/81
PORTIONS DENIED AS INDICATED

UNCLAS USUN: 4415

SUBJ: TWO MEMBERS JDL SENT TO PRISON IN SOVIET BOMB PLOT

1. FEDERAL JUDGE JACOB MISHLER HAS SENTENCED ROBERT E. FINE TO THREE YEARS IN PRISON AND DAVID LEVINE TO ONE YEAR AND ONE DAY IN PRISON FOR CONSPIRING TO MAKE TWO PIPE BOMBS AND PLACE THEM IN SOVIET MANSION IN GLEN COVE.

2. EXECUTION OF SENTENCE WAS DELAYED UNTIL NOV 10 SO THAT FINE AND LEVINE MAY APPEAR IN NASSAU COUNTY SUPREME COURT TO FACE STATE CHARGES STEMMING FROM CONSPIRACY. BOTH INDIVIDUALS WERE RELEASED IN \$5,000 BOND.

3. TWO OTHER DEFENDANTS, BOTH MINORS, FACE JUVENILE DELINQUENCY CHARGES. THEY ARE [REDACTED] AGE 17, AND [REDACTED] AGE 16.

4. ALL FOUR INDIVIDUALS WERE SEIZED ON MAY 23 AT JEWISH CENTER IN LIDO BEACH, LONG ISLAND, WHILE ASSEMBLING TWO PIPE BOMBS.
BUSH

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USUN 4415 11/6/72

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B-6

(2)

ORIGIN/ACTION

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

AIRGRAM

POL 13-10 48

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ARMY	CIA	NAVY
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137

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NO.

TO : Department of State
 INFO : Amman, Beirut, Cairo, Jerusalem, USUN
 FROM : Amembassy TEL AVIV

RS/AN
 ANALYSIS BRANCH

EO 11652: GDS
 FROMTAGS: PINT, PFOR, IS
 SUBJECT: Meir Kahane's Campaign to Encourage Arab Emigration
 SUBJECT: from Israel

REF : Tel Aviv 3378 POL 13-10 48 1

EXCISE

DATE: May 16, 1973

HANDLING INDICATOR

~~HHS~~
~~JTM~~
~~GRC~~
~~JCD~~
~~JEM~~

DEPARTMENT OF STATE A/CDC/MR

REVIEWED BY MAC/LM7

DATE 3.13.81

PORTIONS DENIED AS INDICATED

SUMMARY: The April 29 indictment of JDL leader Meir Kahane arising from JDL efforts to persuade Arabs to emigrate from Israel is the culmination of a January 1 GOI decision to seek means of bringing Kahane to trial. Kahane's activities have been publicly decried by many Israelis as well as Israeli Arabs, some of whom have threatened Kahane and other JDL supporters with violence. Kahane's chief publicist in promoting Arab emigration has been a Christian Arab named Emmanuel Khoury, who has recently tried unsuccessfully to get a visa for the United States to raise funds for Arab emigration. Since Kahane's campaign began, Arab emigration has actually fallen off, and it may be that Kahane by publicizing Arab emigration is making it more difficult for those who wish to leave Israel. In any event, the Government will continue to press its case against Kahane in an attempt to bring the campaign to a halt and to demonstrate to Israel's Arabs that it does not in any way support his scheme. End of Summary.

Indictment Against Kahane. The indictment against JDL leader Meir Kahane and JDL activist Joel Lerner filed by the Jerusalem District Attorney's office on April 29 (reftel) resulted from a campaign launched by the JDL in December 1972 and in January of this year to persuade Israeli Arabs to emigrate from the Jewish State. The campaign aroused a storm of public criticism against Kahane and against a Christian Arab, who adopted his cause, Emmanuel Khoury.

Classified by Walter B. Smith. Subject to General De-classification Schedule of Executive Order 11652.
 Declassified on December 31, 1979.

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☐ In ☐ Out

FORM 4-62 DS-323

Drafted by: POL:ARovermyer:nm

Contents and Classification Approved by: POL:WBSmith

Clearances:

1973 MAY 24 PM 1 59

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Tel Aviv A-137

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B-1
EB
ED
(all)

The JDL's emigration project began when Kahane sent out some 300 letters to Arabs, half of them in Israel and half in the West Bank, urging them to leave the country. Some Druse received letters, but Kahane has said these were sent in error and has apologized to the Druse community. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] told the reporting officer on April 11 that Kahane's letters contained veiled threats, warning that if the Arabs remain in Israel a situation may develop like that in Northern Ireland. A-9

Kahane has said he is not motivated by any hatred of the Arabs or of their cultural heritage, but by a deep conviction that they could never feel themselves equal citizens in a Jewish state and that they would always be strangers there. He claimed that it has never been proven that two different peoples could live under one roof in peace and friendship. Kahane made these remarks, according to the press, before the residents of Fassouta, an Arab village in Upper Galilee, on March 2.

On January 1, 1973, the Israeli Government announced its opposition to Kahane's scheme and requested the Attorney General to seek means of bringing Kahane to trial. [REDACTED] said Kahane had never officially approached the Government on this matter, but Khoury had sent a letter asking why the Government was obstructing the emigration of the "thousands" of Israeli Arabs who wanted to leave. A-9

Arab Indignation. The Arab reaction to Kahane's letter-writing campaign has been one of indignation and resentment. Arabs feel Kahane's drive is insulting and preposterous, but not all are convinced that the GOI has not acquiesced in it.

A group calling itself the "Arab Defense League" announced plans in February to fight the JDL and sent letters to Arab notables saying "Hundreds of Arabs and Druse are ready to sacrifice everything dear to them to thwart the criminal Zionist gang of Rabbi Kahane, which is piling up arms to drive us from our country, with the Government looking on." JDL leaders reportedly received letters from the Arab Defense League threatening their lives if they continued their efforts. [REDACTED] told the reporting officer that the JDL had opened an emigration office in Haifa, but closed it after two weeks because of threatened violence. A-9

The moderate MAPAM Arab weekly newspaper, Al-Mirsad, published angry articles and letters from readers denouncing the JDL scheme. A summary of readers' letters, entitled "Open Talk to Rabbi Kahane," concluded: "We tell

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you to your face that we are the bridge which will bring peace and understanding with the rest of the Arab East. One day you will see for yourself that peace is our slogan, for we shall not accept that our grandchildren should live on weapons and blood. Our loyalty to Israel is not expressed by leaving it, but by working together, Arabs and Jews, in a single file which will not be broken by any sort of provocation or racism." Newspapers in East Jerusalem also condemned Kahane's activities, as did Al-Itihad, the RAKAH (New Communist) bi-weekly organ.

A young Arab in charge of Histadrut youth affairs among Israel's Arabs told the reporting officer that his friends and the residents of his village would meet Kahane with physical violence, should Kahane be so unwise as to press his ideas in their presence.

Emmanuel Khoury. The episode of this Arab's affiliation with the JDL (which according May 16 press has now been terminated) is interesting as illustrative of Kahane's scope of activity. Khoury has been Kahane's leg man, who has trooped from village to village explaining the emigration idea. He has talked about resettling Arabs in Brazil, Canada, New Zealand, Australia, as well as the United States and had applied for a visa to visit the US to raise funds to assist Israeli Arabs in leaving Israel, which was refused him on May 11 because of his police record. [REDACTED] who has been acquainted with Khoury for several years, described him to the reporting officer as "unbalanced." Khoury has been in trouble a good amount of his adult life, and has collected a string of 13 court convictions. With his unkempt appearance and erratic behavior, he is another weird factor in this bizarre saga. A-9

- Some time ago, [REDACTED] Khoury announced his own plans to emigrate from Israel, and as is often done in such cases, requested that the government appraise and purchase his property. Government appraisers looked at it, Toledano said, but because of Khoury's activities, refused to touch it. A-7

As nearly as it can be determined, Khoury has been acting out of a sincere conviction that the Arabs would be better off outside Israel. He was quoted at a press conference on January 30 as attributing his own desire to leave Israel to "the failure of the state to ensure the Arabs' rights through full representation in the Knesset and the opportunity to serve in the army." In an interview published on April 13 Khoury was quoted as saying, "...as far as work is concerned there is no equality of rights for Arabs, and it is difficult to ignore that. They cannot be aeronautical engineers, or shipping engineers, and every young Arab who wants to study or engage in a profession that is

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somehow connected with the military industry cannot achieve his aim. 'Security reasons' close all the doors in his face and he can't get on in life."

Khoury told an Embassy officer that his activities were directed only toward Christian Arabs, and that he knows of 1,000 families that want to emigrate. [REDACTED] said the number was more like five.) Khoury has now reportedly severed his ties with the JDI. According to the May 16 press, Khoury cited in a letter to Kahane a recent attempt against his life and numerous threatening telephone calls and letters as reasons for withdrawing from Kahane's organization. 4-9

Decrease in Arab Emigration. For the moment the JDL campaign may be having an effect precisely opposite to that intended. According to an analysis in the Israeli press on April 2, so far, no Arab has emigrated from Israel with the assistance of the JDL, and moreover, since Kahane made his plan public, the number of Arabs emigrating has actually decreased. The writer said the plan has caused Arabs who had intended to leave to postpone their plans because they did not want to be accused of treason. He explained that the average number of Arab emigrants has been about 400 per annum--i.e., about 35 persons a month, but since Kahane's campaign opened, less than ten Arabs had emigrated from Israel. [REDACTED] indicated that the thrust of the article was correct. A-9

Comment: The Israeli Government has been working hard in recent years to integrate the Israeli Arabs into the country's social, economic and political life. The immediacy of its January 1 response to the mailing campaign indicates the firmness of its opposition to Kahane, as a disrupting influence, and the firmness of its resolve to halt the campaign by legal means. [REDACTED] 4-3

WBS
ZURHELLEN

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POL 23-8 US

XR UN 22-2 USSR

TELEGRAM

XR UN 1-1

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EXCISE

PAGE 01 USUN N 02013 292251Z

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ACTION IO-14

INFO OCT-01 EUR-25 ADP-00 NEA-10 FBI-01 JUSE-00 L-03 SY-10

USSS-00 CPR-02 SS-15 NSC-10 CIAE-00 DODE-00 INR-10

NSAE-00 PA-03 RSC-01 USIA-12 PRS-01 RSR-01 /119 W
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P/R 292221Z MAY 73
FM USMISSION USUN NY
TO SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 8186
INFO AMEMBASSY MOSCOW

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE USUN 2013

E.O. 11652: N/A

TAGS: ASEC, CPRS, UR, US

SUBJ: ENFORCEMENT OF 100 FOOT PROHIBITION IN ACT FOR
PROTECTION OF FOREIGN OFFICIALS AND OFFICIAL GUESTS

DEPARTMENT OF STATE A/CDC/MR
REVIEWED BY MAC/MA DATE 3.13.81
PORTIONS DENIED AS INDICATED

B-1, EB + ED

1. AT MAY 24 MEETING OF COMITE ON RELATIONS WITH HOST
COUNTRY, [REDACTED] (USSR) COMPLAINED THAT WE WERE NOT
ENFORCING 100 FOOT PROHIBITION IN ACT FOR PROTECTION OF
FOREIGN OFFICIALS. HE STATED FURTHER THAT UNDER VARIOUS
GUISES, US AUTHORITIES UNDULY POSTPONED, DELAYED OR AVOIDED
PROSECUTION OF HOOLIGANS WHO COMMITTED OFFENSES AGAINST
MISSIONS. HE DEMANDED THAT LAW BE "FULLY ENFORCED."

2. WE UNDERSTAND THAT CURRENT ENFORCEMENT EFFORTS OF
FBI WITH REGARD TO 100 FOOT PROTECTION CONSIST OF (1)
EXPLAINING LAW TO THOSE WHO DEMONSTRATE WITHIN 100 FEET
OF A DIPLOMATIC MISSION, (2) SETTING FORTH FACTS TO US
ATTORNEY, WHO THUS FAR HAS DECLINED TO TAKE ANY ACTION AND
HAS PLACED RESPONSIBILITY ON LOCAL POLICE.

3. AS A RESULT OF APPARENT FAILURE OF FEDERAL ENFORCEMENT
EFFORTS, MEMBERS OF JDL AND OTHER DEMONSTRATORS CONTINUE
TO DEMONSTRATE WITHIN 100 FEET OF SOVIET MISSION UNDER EYES
OF NYPD, WHICH IS INTER ALIA, GUIDED BY DOLLINGER RULING,

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Department of State

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ALLOWING A CERTAIN NUMBER OF DEMONSTRATORS IN A BULLPEN CLOSE TO THE SOVIET MISSION. DEMONSTRATORS ARE ALSO ABLE TO DEMONSTRATE FROM BALCONY OF PARK EAST SYNAGOGUE, WITHIN 100 FEET OF SMUN.

4. WE BELIEVE THAT REVIEW OF CURRENT SITUATION MUST BE SPEEDILY UNDERTAKEN IN ORDER TO ARRIVE AT PRACTICAL PROCEDURES TO ENFORCE 100 FOOT PROHIBITION AT SUMUN AND AT OTHER MISSIONS. WE ARE PARTICULARLY CONCERNED THAT EARLY DECISIONS BE MADE BECAUSE OF UPCOMING BREZHNEV VISIT AND NEWS REPORTS ALLEGING YEVGENY LEVICH HAS BEEN IMPRISONED IN A MILITARY LABOR CAMP ABOVE ARCTIC CIRCLE, WHICH MAY BRING NEW AND LARGE DEMONSTRATIONS. WE ARE READY AS DESIRED TO MEET WITH APPROPRIATE STATE AND JUSTICE OFFICIALS IN NEW YORK AND/OR WASHINGTON IN EFFORT TO TRY TO RESOLVE PROBLEM.

5. WE ALSO WISH DRAW DEPT'S ATTENTION TO INCREASING INTEREST OF UN PRESS CORPS TO HOST COUNTRY QUESTIONS. WE HAVE ALREADY RECEIVED QUERIES ABOUT WHY LAW IS NOT ENFORCED. ALTHOUGH WE MAY BE ABLE HOLD THEM OFF BUREAUCRATICALLY FOR A TIME, THEY ARE BOUND ZERO IN ON THIS QUESTION AGAIN, ESPECIALLY IF THERE IS ANOTHER DEMONSTRATION OF ANY SIZE AT SMUN.
SCALI

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Memorandum of Conversation

DATE: October 23, 1970

SUBJECT: Criminal Incidents - TASS Hearings

DEPARTMENT OF STATE A/CDC/HR
REVIEWED BY MD/C/MA DATE 3.13.81
PORTIONS DENIED AS INDICATED

PARTICIPANTS: [REDACTED] Chief, Consular Division, Embassy A-3
of the USSR B4; FORD
EUR/SOV - Edward L. Killham
EUR/SOV - Steven E. Steiner

Copies to: EUR L - Mr. Lyerly
SOV (3) INR/DDC
IO - Mr. Niland Embassy Moscow
SY/P/S - Mr. Bujac USUN - Mr. Glennon
S/CPR - Mr. Davis FBI - Mr. Gruentzel
L/UNA - Mr. Bettauer Secret Service - Mr. Chalfant
INR-9

B-1
EB
ED
23
Soviet Consular Chief [REDACTED] called at the Department on October 23 to inform us that the Soviets have decided to permit their personnel to take part as complainants in the hearings resulting from the concerted Jewish Defense League assault on Soviet establishments in New York in December 1969. [REDACTED] stated that the continuation of the hearings in the TASS case would take place on October 24 with TASS witness Correspondent [REDACTED] Vice Consul [REDACTED] and an American lawyer taking part. He asked that the Department take measures to assure the security of Soviet personnel at the hearing in order to avoid repetition of the JDL case with Soviet Consul [REDACTED] which occurred during the preceding session in this case. [REDACTED] also asked that the Department do what it can to further the prosecution's case. He pointed out that this would serve as a useful precedent for the hearing in the Amtorg case (JDL assault of June 23, 1970), which is scheduled for November.

Mr. Killham expressed his satisfaction that the Soviets had decided to proceed as complainants and that they had employed legal counsel. He stated that we would request the New York authorities to provide

EUR/SOV/SESteiner:cm 10-27-70

(Drafting Office and Officer)

FORM DS-1254
2-65

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- 2 -

adequate protection and that we will do what we are able to assist the prosecution. He asked [REDACTED] to inform us if any new information arises in this connection. A-5

[REDACTED] expressed his gratitude for our cooperation in these matters. 43

NOTE: The above information was promptly passed to USUN, which will take appropriate action.

EUR/SOV/^{SS}SESteiner:cm 10-27-70

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

TELEPHONE

Memorandum of Conversation

EXCISE

DEPARTMENT OF STATE 20 APR 1974

REVIEWED BY *MDL* *MA* DATE *3.15.71*
PORTIONS DENIED AS INDICATED

(38)
SUBJECT: JDL Harassment of Soviet Diplomats in Washington

PARTICIPANTS: [REDACTED] First Secretary, Soviet Embassy
Edward L. Killham, OIC, Political Affairs, EUR/SOV

COPIES TO: EUR/SOV (3)
EUR
O/SY/PRS
L/OSCA
INR -10

L/EUR
USUN - Mr. Kuttner
S/CPR - Mr. Whitehead
FBI - Mr. Gruentzel
Embassy Moscow

3-1
EB
EO
(21)
I telephoned [REDACTED] this morning to express regrets over the unpleasant incidents which took place near the Embassy on April 14 in which some members of the JDL reportedly harassed three Soviet diplomats. I said I understood there had been two separate incidents, although this was not clear from the Embassy's note. Sobolev indicated that there were actually three separate incidents. 4-3

I expressed surprise over the sentence in the Embassy's note which said that the incidents had taken place within sight of the police guarding the Embassy. He immediately said that this was not really correct and that a better expression would have been "not far from the Embassy." I agreed that this appeared to be a better description because when we queried the EPS they had reported that their men had not observed the incidents. [REDACTED] said that no one could say for sure whether the EPS men had seen what happened because the incidents occurred at the corner of 16th and I Streets. In response to my question he indicated that all the incidents took place on the Embassy's side of 16th Street. 5-2

(2)
EUR/SOV:ELK/Elam:slu
(Drafting Officer and Officer)

FORM DS-1254
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2.

I explained that we wanted to provide the best possible protection for Soviet personnel and that it would assist us if the individuals who have been bothered would report the incident to the police immediately. We had not learned of the episodes yesterday until we received the Embassy's note, after 6:30 p.m. last night, by which time the young people involved had long since left the scene. I asked him to remind all Embassy personnel that they should report these incidents immediately to the nearest policeman. He indicated that he would do so. [REDACTED] said that most of these incidents seem to occur at lunch time. I told him I would see if we could not provide an additional measure of protection during that period, which he said was from about 12:30 to 2:00 o'clock. 4-3

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